Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether it is a fact that the Kadur District Board have undertaken capital works such as construction of huge bridges, tunnels and opening of new roads, etc., to the extent of three lakhs ;

(*b*) is it a fact that they have asked the Government to contribute their quota ;

(*c*) whether Government have paid their quota to the Hassan District and Mysore District when they undertook the construction of bridges ?

A.—The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT (Mr. P. H. Krishna Rao).

(*a*) Yes.

(*b*) Yes.

(*c*) Yes, in certain cases.

Breached Tanks in Chitaldrug District.

Q.—44. Messrs. Venkatpathi THIMMIAH and Patel MALLAPPA (Chitaldrug Taluk) ; T. SHADAKSHARAPPA and D. SIVASANKARIAH (Challakere Taluk) ; K. KENCHAPPA and B. SITHARAMIAH (Hiriyur Taluk) ; GOWDA ESWARAPPA of Dogganal and GOWDA ESWARAPPA (Holalkere Taluk) ; Patel CHENNAPPA and GOWDA SIVAPPA (Davangere Taluk) : Patti BASAPPA and KAMAREDDI MALLAPPA (Molakalmuru Taluk) ; J. S. MAHALINGAPPA and MALKAPPA (Jagalur Taluk) ; Alampalli NANJUNDA SETTY and P. S. DORASWAMI NAIDU (Hosadurga Taluk) ; BASAPPA *alias* ROGAPPA (Harihar Sub-Taluk) ; M. GURUSIDDAPPA (Davangere Municipality) ; MAHOMED USMAN SAHIB (Harihar Municipality) ; C. H. ABDUL RAZAK, SYED MOHIDEEN HUSSAIN and A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK (Minorities), and S. RANGA RAO (Chitaldrug Municipality).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the number of tanks in the Chitaldrug District ;

(*b*) the tanks breached since 1930 (details may be furnished yearwar, talukwar with names of such tanks) ;

(*c*) out of the breached tanks which were the tanks that were restored (details may be furnished yearwar) ;

(*d*) (i) the tanks that were not restored ; (ii) out of the restored tanks which of them have breached and are not yet restored ;

(*e*) (i) out of the unrestored breached tanks, for which of the lands under such tanks remission of assessment has been granted ; (ii) for which of the lands under such tanks wet assessments have been recovered ;

(*f*) in what year have the following tanks breached :—

(1) Mavinamadakere, Hiriyur Taluk.

(2) Gowdanahallikere, Hiriyur Taluk.

(3) Ballalasamudrakere, Hosadurga Taluk ?

A.—The CHIEF SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT (Mr. B. T. Kesavaiengar).—

(*a*) Total 335.

(*b*)—

Taluk and Name of tank	*Year of breach*
Chitaldrug—	
Isamudra	1934-35
Hiriyur—	
Mavinamadu ...	1934-35
Gowdanahalli ..	1937-38
Kandikere	1938-39
Gudnoorhalli Halekere ...	1938-39
Bhagavatikere ...	1938-39
Molakalmuru—	
Bhatrahalli	1934-35
Konsagara	1936-37
Davangere—	
Doddabathi... ...	1936-37
Chellakere—	
Mahadevapura ..	1930-31
Holalkere—	
Kalagatta	1935-36
Hosadurga—	
Lakkihalli	1932-33
Heggere Hirekere ..	1936-37
Bagur Naikankere ..	1937-38

(*c*)—

Taluk and Name of tank	*Restored during*
Chitaldrug—	
Isamudra	1937-38
Hosadurga—	
Heggere Hirekere ...	1937-38
Chellakere—	
Mahadevapura ...	1935-36
Molakalmuru—	
Bhatrahalli	1935-36
Konsagara	1936-37
Davangere—	
Doddabathi	1936-37
Holalkere—	
Kalagatta	1936-37

(*d*) (i) Serial Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 and 14 noted in answer to (*b*) above.

(ii) Serial Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 14 noted in answer to (*b*) above.

(*e*) (i) Remission has been granted on the lands under Kalagatta, Mavinamadu, Gowdanahalli, Lakkihalli, Bagur Naikankere and Heggere Hirekere tanks

Mr. Rayara KEMPANNA.—In Bowringpet Taluk, 4 or 5 tanks remain unrestored for long. In spite of applications, no remission has been allowed there. What is the remedy open to the land-owners in such cases?

Mr. K. V. ANANTARAMAN.—The member is a patel and he ought to know the rules. He might have helped the raiyats to secure remissions. Even the Sub-Division Officer could have suspended collections and recommended remission.

Mr. B. SITARAMIAH.—Many tanks which breached in 1930-31 have not been restored till 1938-39. What is the reason for neglecting them and restoring those which breached only recently?

Mr. K. V. ANANTARAMAN.—There is no question of neglect. The order of urgency is the important consideration. As already stated, urgent cases ought to receive first attention.

Mr. Alampalli NANJUNDA SETTY.—The Rakkehalli tank in Hosadurga Taluk, which breached in 1932-33 has not been restored in spite of applications from the raiyats. May I know why?

The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (Diwan Bahadur N. N. Ayyangar).—No petition has been received so far, but I shall enquire.

Mr. Alampalli NANJUNDA SETTY.—Will an estimate be prepared early for restoring the tank?

Mr. N. N. AYYANGAR.—The question will be examined.

Mr. G. SANKARA SETTY.—Will it not be better to collect statistics of all breached tanks remaining unrestored and take them up in some order rather than wait for individual applications?

Mr. N. N. AYYANGAR.—That is being done, too.

REPRESENTATIONS—*contd.*

No. 161—Establishment of hospitals at all hobli headquarters in the malnad and particulary at Banakal in Mudgere Taluk.

Mr. MANJE GOWDA (Mudgere Taluk).

Mr. MANJE GOWDA stated that Government were aware that rural population was much affected by the prevalence of malaria, pneumonia and such other fell diseases, entailing a heavy toll of death. He prayed that a dispensary be opened at every hobli headquarter in Malnad. Banakal Hobli in Mudgere Taluk consisted of 25 villages with a total population of about 15,000 and the total assessment for the hobli was about 40 to 50 thousand rupees. Banakal, the headquarter of that hobli, was a model village and though the public of all the villages in the hobli promised to offer a contribution of Rs. 1,000 for the construction of the dispensary building and were urging for a long time for the provision of a dispensary, the District Board had not so far complied with their request. He therefore prayed that Government themselves might take the initiative and start a dispensary by contributing the balance of the cost towards the construction of a building for it. That hobli had an area of 25 miles north to south and 20 miles east to west. There were not even District Fund Roads there. In view of the above, he prayed that a hospital be established at Banakal.

The SENIOR SURGEON (Rajasevasakta B. K. Narayana Rao) explained that Government had made medical aid available in the malnad in a much larger measure than in the maidan:

In Hassan District which had 38 hoblis there were 41 dispensaries.

In Kadur District which had 33 hoblis there were 31 dispensaries.

In Shimoga District which had 38 hoblis there were 35 dispensaries.

Thus, for the 109 hoblis which were considered to be malnad, there were as many as 107 dispensaries. On an average, every hobli had a dispensary. On the population basis also medical facilities in the malnad were greater. As regards the question of opening a hospital at Banakal, if the Kadur District Board was prepared to bear its share of the cost, Government might help them as far as possible.

Mr. MANJE GOWDA pointed out that the District Board was pleading inability to bear its share of the cost. He therefore requested that the moiety of cost be found from the Malnad Improvement Fund instead of from the